

Massive Galaxies in the Early Universe

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Abstract

Recent deep multiwavelength surveys have shown that the cosmic epoch between $1 < z < 3$ is crucial for the star formation and final assembly of most massive galaxies. There is a deep connection between mass and activity at these redshifts as shown by a remarkable correlation between SFR and stellar mass. I will review our understanding and observational mapping of massive galaxy assembly at these redshifts, concentrating in particular on a number of still unsolved issues.